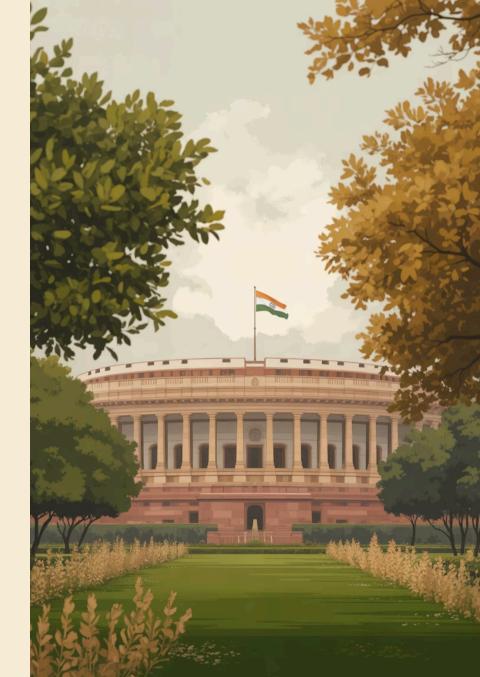
The Hindu UPSC Notes

Comprehensive analysis of <u>current affairs</u> for <u>UPSC preparation</u>, covering international relations, governance, security, and policy developments with <u>strategic insights</u> for both <u>Prelims</u> and <u>Mains examinations</u>.

The Legend IAS



India-U.S. Ties: Warmer Tones, Tests Ahead

Recent Developments

Prime Minister Narendra Modi publicly welcomed U.S. President Donald Trump's "special relationship" remark, signalling strengthened bilateral ties. External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar is scheduled to represent India at the United Nations General Assembly on September 27th, with particular attention on scheduling the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue summit in India this year.

Strategic Framework

The "Comprehensive and Global Strategic Partnership" framework established in 2020 continues to guide India-U.S. relations, balancing strategic autonomy with great-power competition dynamics.



UNGA Resolutions

Non-binding nature - unlike <u>UNSC</u>
resolutions, these lack enforceability

QUAD Framework

Strategic forum, not collective-defence alliance - no Article 5-style clause

Partnership Status

<u>Comprehensive Global Strategic</u>

<u>Partnership</u> since 2020 - distinct from
<u>NATO ally status</u>

(i) Mains Application: Strategic autonomy versus great-power competition; trade irritants (tariffs, energy) versus convergences (Indo-Pacific cooperation)

Key Strategic Concepts in India-U.S. Relations



Strategic Autonomy

India's policy of maintaining **independent choices** without <u>bloc alignment</u>, allowing flexibility in international relations whilst pursuing **national interests** across multiple partnerships and forums.



QUAD Partnership

India-U.S.-Japan-Australia forum dedicated to ensuring a <u>free, open, and</u>
<u>inclusive</u> Indo-Pacific region through coordinated diplomatic and <u>strategic</u>
<u>initiatives</u>.



Deterrence Signalling

Calibrated public messaging and strategic actions designed to influence and shape an adversary's decision-making processes and strategic choices.

CoWIN Outage Crisis: Digital Infrastructure Under Stress

System Breakdown

The **CoWIN portal**, operated by the **Union Ministry of Health and Family Welfare**, has experienced a significant **outage** since August, severely disrupting the download of **vaccination certificates** and **travel documents**. Users report that even **DigiLocker** integration has failed, creating widespread inconvenience.

Technical Architecture

CoWIN was designed with **five integrated modules**: <u>orchestration</u>, <u>cold-chain management</u>, <u>citizen registration</u>, <u>vaccinator interface</u>, and <u>certificate/AEFI feedback systems</u>.



01 02

Orchestration Layer

Central coordination system managing overall platform operations

Cold-Chain Management

Temperature-controlled vaccine storage and distribution tracking

Citizen Registration

User enrollment and appointment scheduling interface

04

Vaccinator Module

Healthcare worker interface for vaccination recording

Certificate & AEFI

Digital certification and adverse event reporting system

Digital Public Infrastructure: Lessons and Challenges

<u>Digital Public Good Status</u>

CoWIN operates as a government digital public good offered internationally in 2021, not a private application. This distinction is crucial for understanding its governance and accessibility framework.

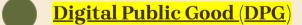
AEFI Integration

Adverse Event Following Immunisation reporting is built directly into CoWIN's architecture, enabling real-time safety monitoring rather than relying solely on offline reporting mechanisms.

Continued Relevance

Vaccination certificates remain necessary for visa applications and international travel even after achieving mass vaccination coverage, maintaining the platform's critical importance.

<u>Mains Application</u>: Resilience of digital public infrastructure; citizen-centric service delivery; data interoperability challenges in governance systems



Open, interoperable digital system
designed to serve public needs at scale
with transparent governance



Government cloud-based storage system for verified documents with **seamless platform integration**



AEFI Monitoring

Any untoward medical occurrence following vaccination, systematically tracked for public health safety

Canada's Risk Assessment: <u>Khalistani Funding Networks</u>

Intelligence Findings

A comprehensive Canadian government risk assessment has identified Babbar Khalsa International (BKI) and International Sikh Youth Federation (ISYF) as Khalistani extremist organisations receiving substantial financial support originating within Canada itself.



Money Services Businesses

Abuse of MSBs for illicit fund transfers



Cryptocurrency Networks

Digital currency channels for anonymous funding



Non-Profit Organisations

Charitable entities misused for **fundraising**



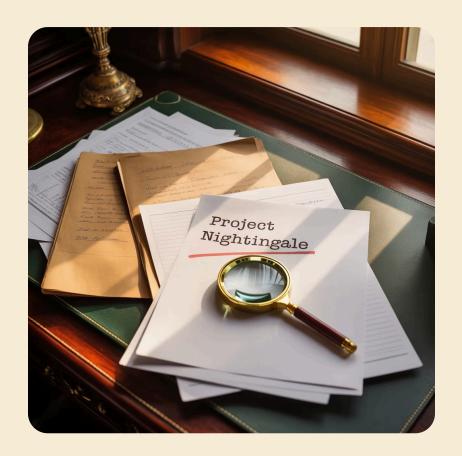
Criminal Activities

Illegal drug trafficking as primary source

Illegal drug trafficking remains the top money-laundering threat
 according to Canadian authorities



Understanding Terror Finance Mechanisms



Classification Framework

Politically Motivated Violent Extremism (PMVE) focuses specifically on <u>political self-determination</u> and <u>representation goals</u>, distinct from <u>racial or ethnic supremacy-based extremism</u>. This classification helps authorities understand motivations and funding patterns.

Legal Framework

Terror listings under **Canada's Criminal Code** encompass various international groups including **Hamas**, **Hezbollah**, and **Khalistani organisations**, demonstrating comprehensive coverage beyond Middle-Eastern groups.



<u>Money Services Business (MSB)</u>

Entities facilitating <u>currency exchange</u> and <u>remittances</u>, particularly vulnerable to misuse for <u>illicit financial flows</u>



Non-Profit Organisation (NPO)

Charitable and NGO entities that can be exploited for <u>illicit fundraising</u> whilst maintaining legitimate facades



Trade-Based Money Laundering

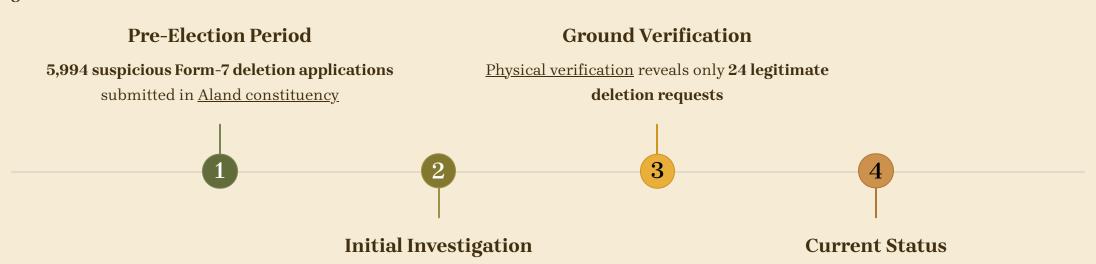
Laundering through <u>mis-invoicing</u>, <u>over-reporting</u>, or <u>under-reporting</u> in commercial <u>trade transactions</u>

Mains Application: Diaspora networks, terror financing mechanisms, FATF-style compliance requirements, consular diplomacy challenges

Karnataka Voter Roll Fraud: Electoral Integrity Crisis

Investigation Stalemate

The investigation into **5,994 fraudulent Form-7 applications** for **name deletions** in Aland constituency (Kalaburagi) ahead of the **2023 Assembly election** has reached a dead end. Crucial **technical data** remains unshared, hampering progress despite <u>on-ground verification</u> revealing only **24 genuine deletions**.



Authorities begin probe into potential <u>electoral</u> <u>fraud and manipulation</u>

Investigation stalled due to lack of **technical data**sharing

Key Examination Points

- Form-7 is specifically for deletion from electoral rolls, not inclusion or correction
- Booth Level Officers assist roll management but are not political agents
- Election Commission supervises but relies on state administrative inputs

Mains Focus: <u>Electoral integrity</u>, data governance, balancing inclusion with roll purity

Punjab Floods: Infrastructure Vulnerabilities Exposed

Ministerial Assessment

<u>Union Minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan</u> identified <u>weakened embankments</u> along the <u>Sutlej, Beas, Ravi, and Ghaggar rivers</u> as a critical factor exacerbating flood conditions. <u>Illegal mining activities</u> have significantly contributed to this <u>infrastructure degradation</u>, with a <u>comprehensive</u> report to be submitted to the <u>Prime Minister</u>.



Embankments fall under state jurisdiction, but effective river-basin management requires coordinated Centre-State cooperation for comprehensive flood management strategies.

River-Bed Mining Impact

Extraction of <u>sand and aggregate</u> from <u>river channels</u> leads to <u>over-extraction</u>, destabilising <u>banks</u> and increasing <u>flood vulnerability</u>

Non-Structural Measures

<u>Flood zonation</u>, <u>early warning systems</u>, and <u>strategic land-use</u> <u>planning complement hard infrastructure investments</u>

Essential Terms for **UPSC Success**

Quick Revision Guide

Master these frequently examined concepts that appear regularly in both <u>Prelims</u> and <u>Mains examinations</u>, with particular attention to <u>common</u> and <u>misconceptions</u>.

UNGA

<u>United Nations General Assembly</u> deliberative organ with non-binding resolutions having political, not legal force

DPG

<u>Digital Public Good</u> - <u>open, scalable digital</u> <u>infrastructure</u> used for <u>public services</u> like <u>CoWIN</u>

PMVE

Politically Motivated Violent Extremism - violent pursuit of political outcomes, distinct from race-based extremism

Financial Crime Vectors

MSB (Money Services Business), NPO (Non-Profit
Organisation), and TBML (Trade-Based Money Laundering)
represent common terror-finance and money-laundering
mechanisms frequently tested



Electoral Process

Form-7 deletion applications are used specifically for removal from voter lists - a frequent source of examination traps and misconceptions

Strategic Tip: Focus on understanding the <u>nuanced differences</u> between <u>similar concepts</u> and watch for <u>definitional traps</u> in both <u>objective</u> and <u>descriptive questions</u>.